This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended) An electroluminescent material represented by the following Formula B1:

Formula B1

$$Ar_{41} - \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} L_{13} \\ L_{11} - L_{12} \end{array}} Ar_{42}$$

wherein  $Ar_{41}$  and  $Ar_{42}$  are each independently an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group;  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is each an atom or a group of atoms necessary to form an aromatic <u>5-membered</u> heterocyclic ring, provided that at least one of  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is =N-, -N ( $R_{41}$ )-, -S- or -0-, in which  $R_{41}$  is a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of  $Ar_{41}$ ,  $Ar_{42}$  and  $R_{41}$  is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group making comprising the biaryl

group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula B1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.

Claim 2. (Currently Amended) An electroluminescence element comprising an electroluminescent material and an inorganic fluorescent substance capable of emitting light having a wavelength of a maximum emission different from that of light emitted from the electroluminescent material upon absorption of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material, and the electroluminescent material is a compound represented by the following Formula B1:

Formula B1

$$Ar_{41} - \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} L_{13} \\ L_{11} - L_{12} \end{array}} Ar_{42}$$

wherein  $Ar_{41}$  and  $Ar_{42}$  are each independently an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group;  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is each <u>an atom or</u> a group of atoms necessary to form an aromatic <u>5-membered</u> heterocyclic ring, provided that at least one of  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is =N-,  $-N(R_{41})-$ , -S- or -O-, in which  $R_{41}$  is a hydrogen atom or a

substituent, provided that at least one of  $Ar_{41}$ ,  $Ar_{42}$  and  $R_{41}$  is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group making comprising the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula Bl may be condensed with each other to form a ring.

Claim 3. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein said inorganic fluorescent substance is an inorganic fluorescent substance prepared by a Sol-Gel method.

Claim 4. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from said inorganic fluorescent substance is within a range of from 400 nm to 700 nm.

Claim 5. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from said inorganic fluorescent substance is within a range of from 600 nm to 700 nm.

Claim 6. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material is not more than 430 nm.

Claim 7. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 2, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of light emitted from the electroluminescent material is within a range of from 400 to 430 nm.

Claim 8. (Currently Amended) An electroluminescent element which comprises an electroluminescent material and a rare earth metal complex capable of emitting light having a wavelength of maximum emission different from that of light emitted from the electroluminescent material upon absorption of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material and the electroluminescent material is a compound represented by the following Formula B1:

Formula B1

$$Ar_{41} - \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} L_{13} \\ L_{11} - L_{12} \end{array}} Ar_{42}$$

wherein  $Ar_{41}$  and  $Ar_{42}$  are each independently an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group;  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is each <u>an atom or</u> a group of atoms necessary to form an aromatic <u>5-membered</u> heterocyclic ring, provided that at least one of  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is =N-, -N(R<sub>41</sub>)-, -S- or -0-, in which R<sub>41</sub> is a hydrogen atom or a substituent; provided that at least one of  $Ar_{41}$ ,  $Ar_{42}$  and  $R_{41}$  is a biaryl group having a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group <u>making comprising</u> the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula B1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.

Claim 9. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the rare earth metal complex is within a range of from 400 nm to 700 nm.

Claim 10. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the rare earth metal complex is within a range of from 600 nm to 700 nm.

Claim 11. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of the light emitted from the electroluminescent material is not more than 430 nm.

Claim 12. (Original) The electroluminescent element of claim 8, wherein the wavelength of a maximum emission of light emitted from the electroluminescent material is within a range of from 400 nm to 430 nm.

Claim 13. (Currently Amended) An electroluminescent element comprising an anode and a cathode and a compound represented by the following Formula B1:

Formula B1

$$Ar_{41} - \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} L_{13} \\ L_{11} \end{bmatrix}}_{L_{12}} Ar_{42}$$

wherein  $Ar_{41}$  and  $Ar_{42}$  are each independently an aryl group or an aromatic heterocyclic group;  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is each <u>an atom or</u> a group of atoms necessary to form an aromatic <u>5-membered</u>

heterocyclic ring, provided that at least one of  $L_{11}$ ,  $L_{12}$  and  $L_{13}$  is =N-, -N ( $R_{41}$ )-, -S- or -O-, in which  $R_{41}$  is a hydrogen atom or a substituent, provided that at least one of  $Ar_{41}$ ,  $Ar_{42}$  and  $R_{41}$  is a biaryl group having, a bond capable of giving an internal rotational isomerism or a group making comprising the biaryl group, provided that adjacent substituent groups existing in the molecule represented by formula B1 may be condensed with each other to form a ring.